ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

By:

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Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District Name of School District	Hardin County	<u>100-905</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fin	•	
were reviewed and (check one)approved	disapproved for the year e	nded June 30, 2017,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district of	on the <u>13</u> day of <u>Novem</u>	Ber, 2017.
Signature of Board Secretary	Mululle Signature of Board F	A Mark President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the (attach list as necessary)	ne reason(s) for disapproving	it is (are):



WEST, DAVIS & COMPANY, LLP

11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100 Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District Sour Lake, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2017 on our consideration of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant

agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West, Davis & Company, LLP

West, Lawis & Company

Austin, Texas November 10, 2017

Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District (the District), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 2, and the District's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 11. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise. Fund financial statements (starting on page 13) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 11. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's Net Position and changes in them. The District's Net Position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's Net Position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we classify the District's activities as Governmental activities:

• Governmental activities—Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside
 customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods
 employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service
 funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and
 activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 22 and 23. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Net Position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$1.3 million – the part of Net Position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased in like manner.

Table I Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District

NET POSITION in thousands

Governmental Activities 2017 2016 Current and other assets 15,621 10,472 Capital assets 35,730 34,702 Total assets 51,351 45,174 Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions 1,890 2,160 Long-term liabilities 41,511 37,729 Other liabilities 2,365 1,504 Total liabilities 39,233 43,876 Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions 269 218 Net position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 3,198 3,316 Restricted 2,750 2,496 Unrestricted 3,199 2,020 Total net position 9,147 7,832

Table II Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

in thousands

III WIOVEWING	Govern	Governmental		
	Activ	ities		
	2017	2016		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	557	598		
Operating grants and contributions	3,605	3,567		
Operating grants and contributions	3,003	3,307		
General revenues:				
Maintenance and operations taxes	7,958	8,208		
Debt service taxes	2,515	2,223		
State aid - formula grants	8,252	8,090		
Investment Earnings	20	1		
Miscellaneous	1,384	337		
Total Revenues	24,291	23,024		
Expenses:				
Instruction, curriculum and media services	11,484	11,862		
Instructional and school leadership	1,201	1,288		
Student support services	2,034	1,913		
Child nutrition	870	865		
Extracurricular activities	799	748		
General administration	842	1,122		
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	2,975	3,083		
Debt services	1,818	1,294		
Other	953	876		
Total Expenses	22,976	23,051		
Change in Net Position	1,315	-27		

NET PENSION LIABILITY (GASB 68)

During fiscal year 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68 for Accounting and Reporting for Pensions. With GASB 68, the District must assume their proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability of the Teacher Retirement System. The District's net pension liability at year end totaled \$3.8 million

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this annual period, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 13) reported a combined fund balance of \$11.4 million.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June 2016). The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATIONS

Capital Assets

At the end of 2016, the District had \$35.7 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note D to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$35.9 million in bonds outstanding versus \$31.2 million last year. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note F to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2017-2018 budget and tax rates. Those factors include property values, changes in enrollment, the economy, and legislative mandates.

The past 10 years have been very interesting for school finance. The state has cut taxes, cut funding, increased educationally standards, and successfully defended a school finance lawsuit. This has made it difficult to manage the budgets over the same time period. This District has, however, maintained fund balance, continued to remain one of the top performing districts in the area, and figured out a way to give staff cost of living raises along the way.

Funding for the 2017-2018 will be relatively stable. Enrollment has remained steady with just a slight increase over the past several years. The District is no longer funded with additional ASATR funds however the increase in tax values offsets the change. The Maintenance & Operations (M&O) tax rate stayed at \$1.04 while the Interest & Sinking (I&S) tax rate was decreased to \$0.30 from \$0.33. The I&S decrease was due to an increase in tax values.

The District was affected by Hurricane Harvey at the beginning of the 2017-2018 school year. One of the campuses buildings was damaged and will need replacement. A temporary campus was built to house the students until a permanent solution was complete. The District is using insurance, FEMA assistance, and fund balance to cover the loss.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District, P.O. Box 2003, Sour Lake, Texas 77659.



HARDIN-JEFFERSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Data			1
Data Control			Cavaramantal
Codes			Governmental Activities
Codes	ASSETS:	-	Activities
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,913,344
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	•	2,028,013
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,462,758
1290	Other Receivables (Net)		11,679
1300	Inventories		10,038
1410	Unrealized Expenses		198,565
	Capital Assets:		,
1510	Land		337,750
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		32,267,558
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		1,176,721
1550	Capital Lease Assets, Net		76,508
1580	Construction in Progress		1,871,663
1000	Total Assets	_	51,354,597
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	_	1,889,928
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,889,928
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		649,839
2140	Interest Payable		530,458
2165	Accrued Liabilities		1,152,640
2180	Due to Other Governments		21,416
2300	Unearned Revenue		14,886
2000	Noncurrent Liabilities:		14,000
2501	Due Within One Year		792,984
2502	Due in More Than One Year		36,942,733
2540	Net Pension Liability		3,774,958
2000	Total Liabilities	_	43,879,914
		=	,,
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		217,584
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	217,584
	NET POSITION		
2000	NET POSITION:		0.107.550
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		3,197,550
3820	State and Federal Programs		300,333
3850	Debt Service		2,562,747
3870	Campus Activities		146,410
3900	Unrestricted		2,939,987
3000	Total Net Position	\$	9,147,027
		- วดตลตลสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสสส	**************************************

Net (Expense)

HARDIN-JEFFERSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			1			3		4	F	Revenue and Changes in
						Progra	m Rever	iues		Net Position
Data					_			Operating	_	
Control					C	harges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses			Services	(Contributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:	_	· ·				_		_	
11	Instruction	\$	11,061,813		\$	57,260	\$	1,972,963	\$	(9,031,590)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		180,173							(180,173)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		242,376					9,870		(232,506)
21	Instructional Leadership		167,167					161,911		(5,256)
23	School Leadership		1,034,039							(1,034,039)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		808,405					391,798		(416,607)
33	Health Services		102,682					614		(102,068)
34	Student Transportation		1,122,589					236		(1,122,353)
35	Food Service		869,747			445,083		573,213		148,549
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		798,973			44,902				(754,071)
41	General Administration		841,984					27,296		(814,688)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,695,785			9,781		661		(2,685,343)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		100,086							(100,086)
53	Data Processing Services		179,044							(179,044)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		1,598,542							(1,598,542)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		219,498							(219,498)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		708,565					466,085		(242,480)
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs		11,349							(11,349)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		232,954							(232,954)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		22,975,771			557,026	_	3,604,647		(18,814,098)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	22,975,771		\$	557,026	\$	3,604,647	-	(18,814,098)
							=			
	General	Rev	enues:							
MT			axes, Levied for							7,957,897
DT			axes, Levied for I	Debt S	Servic	ce				2,515,259
ΙE			Earnings							19,780
GC	Grants	and	Contributions N	ot Res	tricte	ed to Specific	Program	ıs		8,251,961
MI	Miscel	lanec	ous							1,384,465
TR			eral Revenues							20,129,362
CN			n Net Position		3		3333			1,315,264
NB			- Beginning						_	7,831,763
NE	Net Pos	ition	- Ending						\$	9,147,027

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

Data			10		50 Debt
Contro	1		General		Service
Codes			Fund		Fund
	ASSETS:	-			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,901,054	9	2,502,578
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		1,668,594		359,419
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,947,594		
1260	Due from Other Funds		206,679		
1290	Other Receivables		11,679		
1300	Inventories			contractor contractor contractor	
1000	Total Assets		7,735,600		2,861,997
	LIABU ITIEO				
	LIABILITIES:				
2110	Current Liabilities:	Φ			•
2110	Accounts Payable	\$		3	
2170	Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds		1,111,265		6,679
2170	Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments				0,079
2200	Accrued Expenditures				
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,668,595		359,419
2000	Total Liabilities	-	2,779,860		366,098
2000	Total Elabilities	-	2,770,000		
	FUND BALANCES:				
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:				
3410	Inventories				
	Restricted Fund Balances:				
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				
3470	Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligat	ions			
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt				2,495,899
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance				
	Committed Fund Balances:				
3520	Claims and Judgments		717,380		
3600	Unassigned		4,238,360		
3000	Total Fund Balances	-	4,955,740		2,495,899
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,735,600	\$	2,861,997

	60 Capital		Other		98 Total
	Projects		Governmental		Governmental
_	Fund	_	Funds	_	Funds
\$	4,340,466	\$	(32,120)	\$	10,711,978
					2,028,013
			515,164		2,462,758
					206,679
					11,679
_			10,038		10,038
=	4,340,466		493,082	=	15,431,145
\$	636,748	\$		\$	636,748
					1,111,265
	200,000				206,679
			21,416		21,416
	41,375				41,375
_		_	14,885	_	2,042,899
_	878,123	_	36,301	_	4,060,382
			40.000		10.000
			10,038		10,038
			300,333		300,333
	3,462,343				3,462,343
					2,495,899
			146,410		146,410
					717,380
					4,238,360
_	3,462,343	_	456,781	-	11,370,763
\$_	4,340.466	\$_	493,082	\$ ₌	15,431,145

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	11,370,763
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		35,730,200
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		2,028,013
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		188,275
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(35,892,517)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(102,476)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(530,458)
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		(1,114,574)
Unrealized insurance expenses are not recorded in the funds.		198,565
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNP but not in the funds.		(1,503,697)
The accounting loss on refunding bonds is not reported in the funds.		877,547
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(3,774,958)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(217,584)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	_	1,889,928
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	9,147,027

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	-	50 Debt Service Fund
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources \$ State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues	8,008,000 8,678,103 111,396	\$	2,449,208 68,782
5020	Total Revenues	16,797,499	-	2,517,990
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	8,913,540		
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	138,871		
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	187,871		
0021	Instructional Leadership	1,015		
0023	School Leadership	919,460		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	358,430		
0033	Health Services	91,612		
0034	Student Transportation	1,170,295		
0035	Food Service	(487)		
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	710,158		
0041	General Administration	732,199		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,421,446		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	92,726		
0053	Data Processing Services	161,378		
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	97,713		407,713
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	9,756		1,840,824
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees			131,933
0081	Capital Outlay			
0093 0095	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative	238,599		
0095	Education Programs	11,349		
	Other Intergovernmental Charges	232,954		
6030	Total Expenditures	16,488,885	-	2,380,470
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	308,614	_	137,520
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued			13,505,000
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)			
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds			753,363
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent			(14,118,553)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		-	139,810
	Net Change in Fund Balances	308,614	_	277,330
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	4,647,126		2,218,569
3000	Fund Balances - Ending \$	4,955,740	\$	2,495,899

	60				98
	Capital		Other		Total
	Projects		Governmental		Governmental
	Fund		Funds		Funds
		_		-	
\$	16,668	\$	1,075,068	\$	11,548,944
			221,266		8,968,151
			2,141,929		2,253,325
	16,668	_	3,438,263	-	22,770,420
-		_	· · ·	-	, ,
			1,192,807		10,106,347
			31,265		170,136
			32,118		219,989
			161,632		162,647
			8,498		927,958
			392,379		750,809
			625		92,237
			1,060		1,171,355
			873,102		872,615
			14,004		724,162
			26,950		759,149
			59,914		
			39,914		2,481,360
					92,726
					161,378
					505,426
					1,850,580
	87,565				219,498
	2,004,325				2,004,325
			469,966		708,565
					11.040
					11,349 232,954
_	2,091,890	-	3,264,320	-	24,225,565
_	2,091,090	_	3,204,320	-	24,225,505
	(2,075,222)		173,943		(1,455,145)
_	(=,=+=,===)	_	,	-	(1,100,110)
					13,505,000
	5,295,000				5,295,000
	242,565				995,928
					(14,118,553)
_	5,537,565	_		-	5,677,375
_	3,462,343	_	173,943	-	4,222,230
	-,,		-,		,,
			282,838		7,148,533
\$	3,462,343	\$	456,781	\$	11,370,763
=		e energene en den den den de la 🗆		- el el el reconstruir de la companie de la compani	

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 4,222,230

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	2,256,888 (1,228,359)
To reverse fund level accrual of Teacher Retirement System on-behalf contributions. Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	666,278 242,884
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	1,899
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	407,713
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	97,713
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	479,425
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(182,797)
To record State's total proportionate share of pension expense.	(829,308)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(663,487)
Amounts transferred to bond escrow paying agent is not reflected in the SOA.	14,118,553
To increase (decrease) the State's proportionate share of pension expense.	829,308
Reverse contributions made after the prior year measurement date and before the end of the prior period.	(270,179)
Deferred Outflows for contributions made after the current measurement date & before the year end.	259,651
District contributions must be de-expended for the prior fiscal year.	317,398
The District's proportionate share of Teacher Retirement System plan wide pension expense.	(178,667)
The amortization of the accounting loss on refunding bonds is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(44,590)
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(18,800,000)
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	118,773
Current year amortization of previous year deferred resource outflows an inflows.	(207,656)
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.	(298,404)
Rounding difference	(2)

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

1,315,264

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2017

				Nonmajor Internal Service
				Fund
Data Contro				Workers'
Codes	_			Compensation
	ASSETS: Current Assets:			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	201,366
	Total Current Assets			201,366
1000	Total Assets			201,366
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:			
2110	Accounts Payable		\$	
0000	Total Current Liabilities			13,091
2000	Total Liabilities			13,091
2000	NET POSITION:			100.075
3900	Unrestricted Total Net Position	200000000000	් වර්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත්ත	188,275 188,275
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	300000000	Ф	188,275

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Nonmajor nternal Service Fund	
Data		Workers'	
Control Codes		Compensation	
OPERATING REVENUES:	-		
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	234	
5020 Total Revenues	-	234	
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
6100 Payroll Costs		(2,905)	
6400 Other Operating Costs		348	
6030 Total Expenses		(2,557)	
1300 Change in Net Position		2,791	
0100 Total Net Position - Beginning		185,484	
3300 Total Net Position - Ending	\$	188,275	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external		
Operating Transactions with Other Funds	\$	
Interest and Dividends on Investments		234
Cash Payments to Employees for Benefits		2,905
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	_	(3,252)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	(113)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:		
Transfers From (To) Primary Government		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-capital Financing Activities	_	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(113)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		201,479
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	$\$_{=}$	201,366
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	2,791
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities		
Depreciation		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	_	(2,904)
Total Adjustments	. —	(2,904)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	$^{\$}_{=}$	(113)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017	Т	Private-purpose Trust Fund		Agency Fund
Data Control Codes		Scholarship Fund		Student Activity
ASSETS: 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents 1800 Restricted Assets 1000 Total Assets	\$ 	16,004 78,000 94,004	\$	161,655 161,655
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: 2110 Accounts Payable 2190 Due to Student Groups 2000 Total Liabilities	\$ 	11,644 11,644	\$	 161,655 161,655
NET POSITION: 3800 Held in Trust 3000 Total Net Position	\$ <u></u>	82,360 82,360	\$ <u></u>	

HARDIN-JEFFERSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	_	Private- Purpose Trusts
	_	Scholarship Fund
Additions:		
Investment Income	\$	450
Gifts and Bequests	_	
Total Additions	_	450
Deductions:		
Scholarship Awards		
Total Deductions	_	
Change in Net Assets		450
Net Assets-Beginning of the Year		81,910
Net Assets-End of the Year	\$	82,360
	Ψ=	32,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This is the District's payment of outstanding bond principal and interest as it becomes due.

Capital Projects Fund: This is fund accounts for the proceeds from the District's 2017 issuance of school building bonds and the associated capital improvement expenditures.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives		
Infrastructure	30		
Buildings	50		
Building Improvements	20		
Vehicles	2-15		
Office Equipment	3-15		
Computer Equipment	3-15		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

I. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2017, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- -- Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans
- -- Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units
- -- Statement No. 82, Pension Issues An Amendment of GASB No. 67, No. 68 and No. 73
- a. Statement No. 74 improves the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement No. 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

The scope of this Statement includes OPEB plans, defined benefit and defined contribution that are administered through trusts that meet the following criteria:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the OPEB plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- OPEB plan assets are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- OPEB plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, and the OPEB plan administrator. If the plan is a defined benefit OPEB plan, plan assets also are legally protected from creditors of the plan members.

This Statement also includes requirements to address financial reporting for assets accumulated for purposes of providing defined benefit OPEB through OPEB plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria.

The District does not administer their OPEB plan through a trust that meets the criteria noted above. As a result, the adoption of GASB Statement No. 74 did not result in a change to the financial statements or note disclosures.

b. GASB Statement No. 80 clarifies the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.

This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.

The District did not have any component units which met the definition noted above. As a result, the adoption of GASB Statement No. 80 did not result in a change to the financial statements or note disclosures.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

c. GASB Statement No. 82 addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, Statements 67 and 68 required presentation of covered employee payroll, which is the payroll of employees that are provided with pensions through the pension plan, and ratios that use that measure, in schedules of required supplementary information. This Statement amends Statements 67 and 68 to instead require the presentation of covered payroll, defined as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based, and ratios that use that measure.

This Statement clarifies that a deviation, as the term is used in Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board, from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice is not considered to be in conformity with the requirements of Statement 67, Statement 68, or Statement 73 for the selection of assumptions used in determining the total pension liability and related measures.

This Statement clarifies that payments that are made by an employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements should be classified as plan member contributions for purposes of Statement 67 and as employee contributions for purposes of Statement 68. It also requires that an employer's expense and expenditures for those amounts be recognized in the period for which the contribution is assessed and classified in the same manner as the employer classifies similar compensation other than pensions (for example, as salaries and wages or as fringe benefits).

The financial statements and note disclosures have been updated for the affects of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 82.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation

Debt Service expenditures (Function 70) exceeded approriations by \$9,606. The 2017 Series bond refunding issue was not recorded on the general ledger.

Action Taken

Care will be taken to confirm that all debt refundings are recorded during the fiscal year.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund NameAmountRemarksNone reportedNot applicableNot applicable

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

C. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2017, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$10,913,344 and the bank balance was \$10,737,038. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2017 and during the year ended June 30, 2017, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

Eair Value

Not all assets meeting the definition of an investment are required to be reported at fair value. Including among excepted investments are certain investments held by 2a7 like external investment pools. As detailed below, the District has invested funds in specific 2a7 like external investment pools that are valued at amortized cost and not subject to the fair value hierarchy levels.

The District's investments at June 30, 2017 are shown below.

		rair value		
<u>Rating</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	Using Level		Fair Value
AAA	40 days	*	\$	521,613
AAA	25 days	*		10
AAA	47 days	*		127,769
			\$_	649,392
	AAA AAA	AAA 40 days AAA 25 days	Rating Maturity Using Level AAA 40 days * AAA 25 days *	Rating Maturity Using Level AAA 40 days * \$ AAA 25 days * AAA 47 days *

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At June 30, 2017, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality as follows:

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

TexSTAR

The District invests in the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR), which has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. TexSTAR is managed by a five-member board of directors (Board). In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, TexSTAR maintains an advisory board composed of participants in TexSTAR and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexSTAR. Advisory board members are appointed and serve at the will of the Board of Directors. J. P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM) and First Southwest Company (FSC) serve as co-administrators for TexSTAR under an agreement with the Board. JPMIM provides investment management services, and FSC provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, fund accounting and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. Transfer agency services are provided by Boston Financial Data Services, Inc. The business affairs of TexSTAR are managed by the Board in accordance with its bylaws. The bylaws set forth procedures governing the selection procedures governing the selection of, and action taken by, the Board. Board oversight of TexSTAR is maintained through various reporting requirements. TexSTAR is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and is not operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which generally approximates the market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexSTAR is to maintain a stable \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

TexPool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under a contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which usually approximates the market value of the securities. The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average \$1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the \$1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Governmental activities: Balances Increases Decreases Balances Capital assets not being depreciated: \$ 337,750 \$ \$ \$ 337,750 \$ 337,750 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Beginning</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>Ending</th></td<>		Beginning				Ending
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land \$ 337,750 \$ \$ \$ 337,750 Construction in progress 1,871,663 1,871,663 2,209,413 Total capital assets not being depreciated 337,750 1,871,663 2,209,413 2,209,413 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 Buildings and improvements 44,663,139 13,767 44,676,906 44,09,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8		Balances	Increases	Decreases		Balances
Land \$ 337,750 \$ \$ \$ 1,871,663 \$ 1,871,663 \$ 1,871,663 \$ 1,871,663 \$ 2,209,413 Construction in progress 1,871,663 2,209,413 Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 44,663,139 13,767 44,676,906 Equipment 4,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Governmental activities:					
Construction in progress 1,871,663 1,871,663 Total capital assets not being depreciated 337,750 1,871,663 2,209,413 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 8 13,767 44,676,906 Equipment 4,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 4,409,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: 8 8 1,423,313 (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Total capital assets not being depreciated 337,750 1,871,663 2,209,413 Capital assets being depreciated: 8 8 8 13,767 44,676,906 14,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,767 4,409,975 13,232,335 2,327,358 2,327,358 2,327,358 2,327,358 51,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,767 13,414,239 13,767 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,767 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,767 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,414,239 13,	Land \$	337,750 \$	\$		\$	337,750
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 44,663,139 13,767 44,676,906 Equipment 4,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Construction in progress		1,871,663			1,871,663
Buildings and improvements 44,663,139 13,767 44,676,906 Equipment 4,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Total capital assets not being depreciated	337,750	1,871,663			2,209,413
Equipment 4,038,519 371,456 4,409,975 Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Capital assets being depreciated:					
Capital lease assets 2,327,358 2,327,358 Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Buildings and improvements	44,663,139	13,767			44,676,906
Total capital assets being depreciated 51,029,016 385,223 51,414,239 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Equipment	4,038,519	371,456			4,409,975
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Capital lease assets	2,327,358				2,327,358
Buildings and improvements (11,423,313) (986,035) (12,409,348) Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Total capital assets being depreciated	51,029,016	385,223			51,414,239
Equipment (3,067,437) (165,817) (3,233,254) Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Capital lease assets (2,174,344) (76,506) (2,250,850)	Buildings and improvements	(11,423,313)	(986,035)			(12,409,348)
	Equipment	(3,067,437)	(165,817)			(3,233,254)
Total accumulated depreciation (16,665,094) (1,228,358) (17,893,452)	Capital lease assets	(2,174,344)	(76,506)			(2,250,850)
	Total accumulated depreciation	(16,665,094)	(1,228,358)			(17,893,452)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net 34,363,922 (843,135) 33,520,787	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	34,363,922	(843,135)			33,520,787
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$\frac{34,701,672}{5}\$\$ \$\frac{1,028,528}{5}\$\$\$ \${5}\$\$ \$\frac{35,730,200}{5}\$\$	Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	34,701,672 \$	1,028,528 \$		\$_	35,730,200

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 682,121
Instructional Resources and Media Services	11,364
Curriculum and Staff Development	15,593
Instructional Leadership	1,156
School Leadership	71,967
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	29,224
Health Services	7,754
Student Transportation	90,164
Food Services	616
Extracurricular Activities	55,081
General Administration	57,880
Plant Maintenance and Operations	184,728
Security and Monitoring Services	7,360
Data Processing Services	13,350
	\$ 1,228,358

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 200,000	Temporary advances
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	6,679	For transfer tax receipts
	Total	\$ 206,679	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2017, consisted of the following:

None.

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		Beginning		_	Ending	Amounts Due Within
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$	31,185,230 \$	18,800,000 \$	14,092,713 \$	35,892,517 \$	690,508
Capital leases*		200,189		97,713	102,476	102,476
Accretion on CAB's		1,593,999	152,862	632,287	1,114,574	
Premium/Discount		1,622,470	995,927	1,114,700	1,503,697	
Accounting loss on refunding		(488,584)	(433,553)	(44,590)	(877,547)	
		34,113,304	19,515,236	15,892,823	37,735,717	792,984
Net pension liability*		3,615,285	477,071	317,398	3,774,958	
Total governmental activities	\$_	37,728,589 \$	19,992,307 \$	16,210,221 \$	41,510,675 \$	792,984
			Due Within One Ye	ear \$	792,984	

Due in More Than One Year

36,942,733

37,735,717

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Capital leases	Governmental	General
Net Pension Liability	Governmental	General

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following table displays total principal debt outstanding by issuance as of year end.

				Final			
Date of		Interest	Original	Maturity		Debt	CAB
<u>Issue</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Rates</u>	<u>Issue</u>	<u>Date</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Accretion</u>
3/1/2008	Series 2008	3.5 to 4.625 \$	14,496,249	8/15/2038	\$	56,910 \$	304,591
5/1/2009	Series 2009	3.5 to 4.75	9,748,831	8/15/2038		8,520,607	736,968
3/1/2015	Series 2015	3.75 to 5	9,239,998	8/15/2037		8,595,000	
8/1/2016	Series 2016	2.0 to 3.0	9,410,000	8/15/2038		9,330,000	73,015
5/1/2017	Series 2017	3.5 to 4.75	9,390,000	8/15/2037		9,390,000	
					\$_	35,892,517 \$	1,114,574

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities					
Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total			
2018	\$	690,508 \$	1,807,104 \$	2,497,612			
2019		872,009	1,626,235	2,498,244			
2020		1,360,000	1,127,419	2,487,419			
2021		1,415,000	1,079,969	2,494,969			
2022		1,450,000	1,033,488	2,483,488			
2023-2027		8,030,000	4,389,541	12,419,541			
2028-2032		9,325,000	3,056,150	12,381,150			
2033-2037		8,655,000	1,596,344	10,251,344			
2038-2039		4,095,000	168,900	4,263,900			
Totals	\$_	35,892,517 \$	15,885,150 \$	51,777,667			

3. Advance Refunding of Debt

GASB Statement No. 7, "Advance Refundings Resulting in Defeasance of Debt," provides that refunded debt and assets placed in escrow for the payment of related debt service be excluded from the financial statements. As of June 30, 2017, outstanding balances of bond issues that have been refunded and defeased in-substance by placing existing assets and the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments are as follows.

Bond Issue	Amount
Series 2007	\$ 8,550,000
Series 2008	12,295,000
Series 2009	440,000
Total	\$ 21,285,000

In August 2016, the District issued \$4.115 million in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds to refund a portion of the District's Series 2007 and 2008 bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bonds net of the related debt service costs amounted to \$3.1 million and were deposited with an escrow agent to purchase direct obligations of the United States. As a result of the refunding, the District decreased its aggregate debt service payment to maturity by \$5.7 millionand realized a economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old debt and the new debt) of \$1 million. The accounting loss (\$223 thousand) along with \$496 thousand in premium will be deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

In May 2017, the District issued \$9.39 million in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds to refund a portion of the District's Series 2008 and 2009 bonds. The proceeds of the refunding bonds net of the related debt service costs amounted to \$9.86 million and were deposited with an escrow agent to purchase direct obligations of the United States. As a result of the refunding, the District decreased its aggregate debt service payment to maturity by \$11.7 million and realized a economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service payments on the old debt and the new debt) of \$1.6 million. The accounting loss (\$210 thousand) along with \$500 thousand in premium will be deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding bonds.

4. Capital Leases

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of June 30, 2017, as follows:

	(Capital Leases				
		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
Year Ending June 30:						
2018	\$	102,476	\$	4,995	\$	107,471
Total	\$_	102,476	\$_	4,995	\$_	107,471

The effective interest rate on capital leases is 5.000%.

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2017, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Compreher Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr_2016.pdf; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

Contribution Rates

	2016	2017
Member	7.2%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2017 Employer Contributions	\$ 309,508	
District's 2017 Member Contributions	\$ 901,104	
NECE 2016 On-Behalf Contributions to District	\$ 673,245	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- --- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- --- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- --- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- --- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2016 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 8%

Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 88%

Inflation 2.5%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.5% to 9.5%

Payroll Growth Rate 2.5%

Benefit Changes during the year None

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2016 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2016						
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *			
Global Equity						
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%			
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%			
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%			
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%			
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%			
Stable Value						
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%			
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%			
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%			
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%			
Real Return						
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%			
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%			
Energy & Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%			
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%			
Risk Parity						
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%			
Inflation Expectation			2.2%			
Alpha			1.0%			
Total	100%		8.7%			

^{*} The expected contribution to returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

		1%		1%
		Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
		Discount Rate 7%	Rate 8%	Discount Rate 9%
District's proportionate	_	1 70		
share of the net pension liability	\$	5,842,364	3,774,958 \$	2,021,381

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$3,774,958 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 3,774,958
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 7,991,312
Total	\$ 11,766,270

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2015 through August 31, 2016.

At August 31, 2016 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0099897%. which was an increase (decrease) of -0.0002378% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2015.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions of other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$829308 and revenue of \$829308 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

At June 30, 2017, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	-	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	59,191 \$	112,718
Changes in actuarial assumptions		115,054	104,637
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		319,656	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions Total as of August 31, 2016 measurement date Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date [to be calculated by employer]	-	1,136,376 1,630,277 259,651	229 217,584
Total	\$_	1,889,928 \$	217,584

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Pension
Expense
Amount
\$ 257,369
\$ 257,369
\$ 461,260
\$ 241,701
\$ 173,337
\$ 21,657
\$ \$ \$ \$

I. Retiree Health Care Plans

1. TRS-Care

a. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS web site at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

b. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. The State of Texas contribution rate was 1% for fiscal years 2015 and 2014, and 0.5% for fiscal year 2013. The active public school employee contributions rates were 0.65% of public school payroll, with school districts contributing a percentage of payroll set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015. For the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the State's contributions to TRS-Care were \$118,934, \$114,999, and \$114,679, respectively, the active member contributions were \$77,307, \$74,749, and \$74,541, respectively, and the District's contributions were \$65,414, \$63,249, and \$63,073, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

2. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$36,810, \$46,449, and \$47,280, respectively.

J. <u>Employee Health Care Coverage</u>

During the current fiscal year, employees of the District were covered by a statewide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) manages TRS Active Care. Administration is provided by Aetna.

The latest financial information on TRS Active Care is available from TRS (see note on pension plan).

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at June 30,2017.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

L. <u>Shared Services Arrangements</u>

Shared Services Arrangement - Fiscal Agent

The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides HELP: Type in the specific service provided by the SSA in place of the word "services on the line below. special education services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in HELP: Type in the specific fund in place of "a special revenue fund" on the line below. a special revenue fund and will be accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts		Expenditures
Hardin-Jefferson	\$	238,599
Hamshire Fannett		227,375
High Island		6,128
Total	\$	472,102
	=	

M. <u>Disaster Recovery</u>

The District received \$1,261,620 in revenue from FEMA after Hurricane Ike. The funds were allocated to the District to reimbursed costs from the storm. The Emergency Management Division (EMD) under the Texas Department of Public Safety (TDPS) has to date completed all audits of the seven major project worksheets that were written from this disaster. The auditor disagreed with the federal grant writers on the application of the deductible. The state contracted auditor has recommended to FEMA that it should de-obligate some of the funds that the District received. The EMD under the TDPS has advised the District that they reworked the grants to ensure that the District should be able to retain all the funds received from FEMA for IKE.

It is the District's opinion that the likelihood of any reimbursements warrants no actual liability at this time; however, the District's Trustees have committed \$717,380 in fund balance for this potential reimbursement.

N. Subsequent Events

Hurricane Harvey

In August 2017, subsequent to the end of the District's fiscal year, Hurrican Harvey caused significant damage to District facilities. While the assessment of that damage and the subsequent recovery is not complete, it is anticipate that some some facilities will require significant repairs and in some cases replacement.

While costs associated with this damage is not determined at the date of this report, it is anticipated that the sum of insurance coverage and federal emergency aid wih be sufficient to fund those costs.

Required Supplementary Information
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Data			1		2		3		ariance with inal Budget
Control		_	Budgete	d Aı			A a to cal	Positive	
Codes	REVENUES:	_	Original	-	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	8,249,367	\$	8,040,367	\$	8.008.000	\$	(32,367)
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ	8,636,199	Ψ	8,636,199	Ψ	8.678.103	Ψ	41,904
5900	Federal Program Revenues		107,000		107,000		111.396		4,396
5020	Total Revenues	_	16,992,566	-	16,783,566	_	16,797,499	-	13,933
				_					
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:		0.000.454		0.040.000		0.040.540		00.740
0011	Instruction		8,893,454		8,943,282		8,913,540		29,742
0012 0013	Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development		145,742		148,992		138,871		10,121
0013	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	_	284,498 9,323,694	_	204,436 9,296,710	_	187,871 9,240,282		16,565 56,428
	Total instruction & instr. Helated Services	_	9,020,094	-	3,230,710	_	3,240,202	_	30,420
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership		15,157		15,157		1,015		14,142
0023	School Leadership		966,682		943,554		919,460		24,094
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	_	981,839	_	958,711	_	920,475		38,236
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		409,829		383,162		358,430		24,732
0033	Health Services		101,660		101,660		91,612		10,048
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,162,725		1,182,138		1,170,295		11,843
0035	Food Services		8,108		8,108		(487)		8,595
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	-	2,359,196	_	722,166 2,397,234	_	710,158 2,330,008		12,008 67,226
	Total Support Services - Student (Lupii)	-	2,000,100	-	2,007,204	_	2,000,000	_	07,220
	Administrative Support Services:								
0041	General Administration		758,860		758,860		732,199		26,661
	Total Administrative Support Services		758,860	_	758,860		732,199		26,661
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:								
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations		2,257,402		2,421,964		2,421,446		518
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		76,500		96,500		92,726		3,774
0053	Data Processing Services	_	303,027	-	175,027	_	161,378	_	13,649
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	_	2,636,929	-	2,693,491	_	2,675,550	_	17,941
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		93,172		93,172		97,713		(4,541)
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		17,297		17,297		9,756		7,541
	Total Debt Service	_	110,469	_	110,469	_	107,469	_	3,000
		_		_		_			
	Intergovernmental Charges:								
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member DistSSA		196,000		244,000		238,599		5,401
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative								
0095	Education Programs		11,349		11,349		11,349		
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	277,000	-	277,000	_	232,954	_	44,046
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	484,349	_	532,349	_	482,902	_	49,447
6030	Total Expenditures	_	16,655,336	-	16,747,825	_	16,488,885	_	258,940
0000	i otal Experiolitules	-	10,000,000	-	10,171,020	_	10,400,000	_	230,340

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Data	1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget
Control	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
Codes	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) 1100 Expenditures	337,230	35,741	308.614	272,873
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	337,230	35,741	308.614	272,873
0100 Fund Balance - Beginning	4,647,126	4,647,126	4,647,126	
3000 Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,984,356	\$ 4,682,867	\$ 4,955,740	\$ 272,873

HARDIN-JEFFERSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

				Fiscal Year		
	_	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0099897%	0.0102275%	0.0021233%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,774,958 \$	3,615,285	5 1,314,761 \$		\$
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		7,991,312	7,621,686	6,770,880		
Total	\$ ₌	11,766,270	11,236,971	88,085,641_ \$_		\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,924,213 \$	11,499,882 \$	1,118,545 \$		\$
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		31.66%	31.44%	117.54%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.00%	78.43%	83.25%		

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

				F	iscal Yea	r		
_	2012		2011		2010	•	2009	2008
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
\$_		_ \$		\$		\$		\$
_								
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$

HARDIN-JEFFERSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year					
		2017	2016	2015	2014		2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	309,508 \$	317,558 \$	276,870 \$		\$	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(309,508)	(317,558)	(276,870)			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u></u> \$	<u></u> \$	\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1	1,893,403 \$	11,843,038 \$	11,467,710 \$		\$	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.60%	2.68%	2.41%			

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT G-3

		F	iscal Yea	r					
2012	2011		2010		2009		2008	8	
\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$		\$			
\$ 	\$ 	_ _{\$}		\$		\$		_	
\$ 	\$ 	= ·=== \$		\$		· \$			

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Budaet

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	1		2		3
Year Ended June 30	 Ta Maintenance	ax Rat	es Debt Service	V	sessed/Appraised alue For School Tax Purposes
2008 and Prior Years	\$ Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2009	1.04		.305		980,009,814
2010	1.04		.28		948,495,718
2011	1.04		.235		1,015,280,784
2012	1.04		.245		919,133,696
2013	1.04		.23		928,220,056
2014	1.04		.26		805,809,952
2015	1.04		.28		806,914,394
2016	1.04		.28		791,045,682
2017 (School Year Under Audit)	1.04		.33		749,102,773

1000 Totals

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

10 Beginning	20 Current		31		32		40 Entire		50 Ending
Balance 7/1/16	 Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Collections		Debt Service Collections		Year's Adjustments		Balance 6/30/17	
\$ 498,877 81,889 107,400 121,194 171,130 212,486 142,942 181,553 342,038	\$ 	\$	10,985	\$	702	\$	(992)	\$ \$	486,198
81,889			1,431		420		(198)		79,841
107,400			2,075		559		(410)		104,356
121.194			4,072		920		(246)		115.956
171,130			4,295		1,012		575		166,398
212,486			8,777		1,941		2,174		203,942
142,942			12,293		3,073		2,525		130,100
181,553			23,569		6,345		1,669		153,308
342,038			103,374		27,832		(4,846)		205,986
	10,262,708		7,434,626		2,359,064		(2,890)		466,128
N	\$ 10,262,708	\$	7,605,496	\$_	2,401,867	\$_ _	(2,640)	\$	2,112,214
\$	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$	

EXHIBIT J-2

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1		2		3
Data					V	/ariance
Control					I	Positive
Codes		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)
	REVENUES:		_			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources \$	459,700	\$	445,600	\$	(14,100)
5800	State Program Revenues	4,997		4,865		(132)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	507,015		568,348		61,333
5020	Total Revenues	971,712		1,018,813		47,101
	EVENINELINE					
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Current:					
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0035	Food Services	881,254	_	873,102		8,152
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	881,254	_	873,102		8,152
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:					
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	39,000		33,214		5,786
0051	•		_			5,786
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	39,000	_	33,214		5,700
6030	Total Expenditures	920,254	_	906,316		13,938
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
1100	Expenditures	51,458		112,497		61,039
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	51,458		112,497		61,039
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	153,099		153.099		
and the first of the first	Fund Balance - Deginning Fund Balance - Ending \$		/5 σ −	and the standard of the standard of the standard of	%. φ − ∂∂	61,039
3000	тини разаное - снину	204,557	ं \$_	265,596	Ş\$ <u></u>	600.10

EXHIBIT J-3

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		1		2		3
Data						Variance
Control						Positive
Codes		Budget		Actual		(Negative)
	REVENUES:					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,315,000	\$	2,449,208	\$	134,208
5800	State Program Revenues	72,000)	68,782		(3,218)
5020	Total Revenues	2,387,000) _	2,517,990		130,990
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	407,713	3	407.713		
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	1,848,151		1.840,824		7,327
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	115,000		131,933		(16,933)
0070	Total Debt Service	2,370,864		2,380,470	_	(9,606)
	10141 2001 0011100				_	(0,000)
6030	Total Expenditures	2,370,864	_	2,380,470		(9,606)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
1100	Expenditures	16,136	<u> </u>	137,520		121,384
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued			13.505.000		13,505,000
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds			753,363		753,363
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent			(14,118,553)		(14,118,553)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			139,810	_	139,810
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	16,136		277,330	_	261,194
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	2,218,569		2,218,569		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,234,705	\$ \$ \$	2,495,899	\$_	261,194

WEST, DAVIS & COMPANY, LLP

11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100 Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District Sour Lake, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 10, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West, Davis & Company, LLP

Austin, Texas November 10, 2017

WEST, DAVIS & COMPANY, LLP

11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100 Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District Sour Lake, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017. Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

West, Davis & Company, LLP

Austin, Texas November 10, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

B. Financial Statement Findings

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

NONE

A. Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No Federal Awards 2. Internal control over major programs: One or more material weaknesses identified? Yes X No One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? Yes X None Reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for Unmodified major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200? Yes X No Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster Special Education (IDEA) Cluster 84.027A SSA IDEA-B Formula 84.027A **IDEA-B** Discretionary 84.173A SSA IDEA-B Preschool Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No

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EXHIBIT K-1

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program (Non-cash) National School Lunch Program Total CFDA Number 10.555 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555	71401701 100-905 71301701	\$ 	\$ 110,476 106,705 351,167 457,872 568,348 568,348 568,348
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: SSA IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Discretionary SSA IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Discretionary Total CFDA Number 84.027 SSA IDEA-B Preschool SSA IDEA-B Preschool Total CFDA Number 84.173 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027A 84.027A 84.027A 84.027A 84.173A 84.173A	166600011009056000 166600121009056000 176600011009056000 176600121009056000 166610011009056000 176610011009056000	 	78,938 18,605 799,582 107,508 1,004,633 6,026 33,331 39,357 1,043,990 1,043,990
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs Career and Technical - Basic Grant ESEA Title II Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	84.010A 84.048A 84.367A	17610101100905 17420006100905 17694501100905	 	226,729 10,906 51,998 289,633 289,633 \$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Hardin-Jefferson Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2017

Data Control Codes	_	<u>_</u> F	Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$	1,114,574
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	3,774,958
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	